Chronic Pain: Observations as a Patient and Provider about What Works Well and What Does Not....

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I have no financial interests to disclose

# Golden Gate Bridge



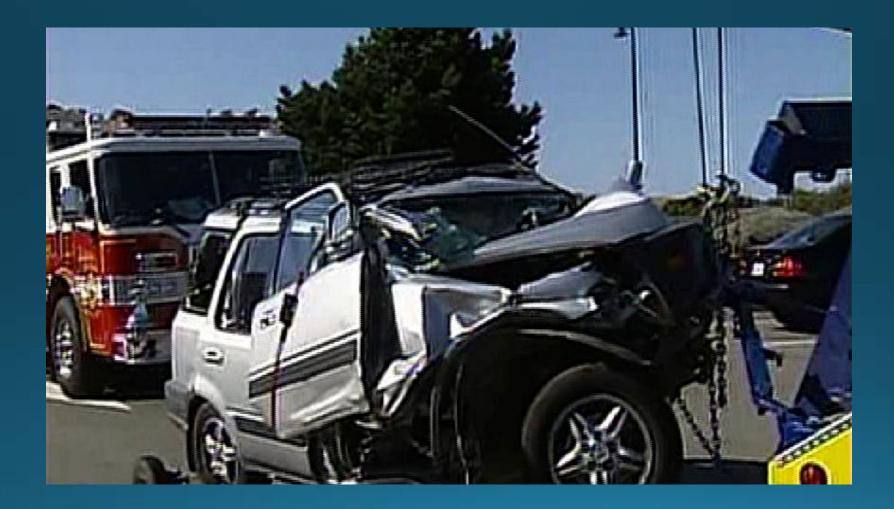
#### Facts

1.8 billion crossings since 1937
40-50 million crossings a year
Since 1970, 36 fatalities, 17 from head-on crossover accidents
Odds of head-on: about o

#### Nonetheless...



### Nonetheless !



## What Happened?

Medically
Emotionally
Cognitively
Professionally

#### What Happened Medically

- 45 days in a coma
- 48 units RBCs, platelets, all factors, Day 1
- Almost 13 months of continuous hospitalization
- 13 operations in the first 13 days
- 5 major later operations
- 2 later TBIs

## Buddhism

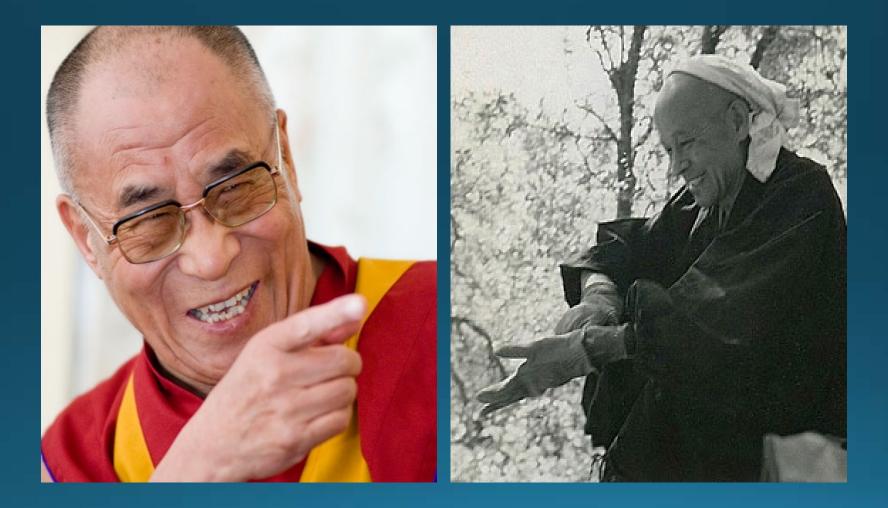
মন্ব্যমন্দ্ৰিন্ধী The Four Noble Truths ?স্থুৰ্যান্দস্থুআট্টামন্ব্যম 1) The truth of suffering হল্যাৰ্ব্যমূদ ন্দ্ৰীমন্ব্যম 2) The truth of the origin of suffering হত্যাৰ্ব্যমন্দ্ৰীমন্ব্যম

3) The truth of the cessation of suffering जन्मसञ्चीयदेवय

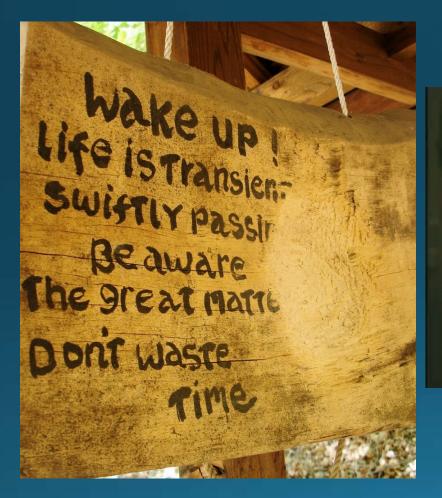
4) The truth of the path



# Why Buddhism?



#### Why?



"In the zazen posture, your mind and body have great power to accept things as they are, whether agreeable or disagreeable."

Suzuki Roshi

# Why?



#### Thoughts as Patient

\*1) Remember that the most important thing for the patient's healing is being around happy people. Figure out what you need to do to be happy at work, and just do it. Help other members of your team be happy at work.

\*2) The most important member of the team, for the patient, is probably the CNA.

\*3) Take a long view on the time/meaning for recovery

### Thoughts...

4)What is helpful are tools to deal with: a)pain,
b)identity crises, c)not knowing, d)appreciating the smallest things and e)constant change
For you, and me, as health-care providers:

Try to figure out what mistakes we often make, and develop checklists to protect ourselves and others

#### Pain—What is it?

An unpleasant sensory and emotional experience associated with actual or potential tissue damage or described in terms of such damage...pain is <u>always subjective</u>...it is unquestionably a sensation in a part or parts of the body, but it is also unpleasant and therefore also an emotional experience...1

#### Factors Influencing How Pain is Experienced

- Biological—the extent of an illness or injury and whether the person has other illnesses, is under stress, or has specific genes or predisposing factors that effect pain tolerance or threshold
- Psychological—anxiety, fear, grief, anger or depression and thinking the pain represents something worse than it does...
- Social—the response of significant others to the pain—whether support, criticism, or enabling

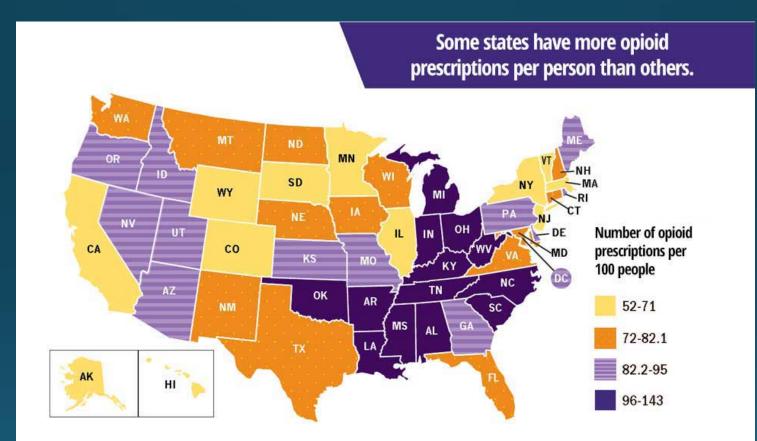
#### Neuromatrix Theory

- Pain is produced by the output of a widely distributed neural network that is genetically determined and modified by sensory experience throughout life
- Pain is the output of this neural network, and not a response to sensory input following tissue injury, etc.
- Chronic pain syndromes do not need to have an obvious cause, but are associated with changes in the central nervous system.
- Brain is not a fixed system, rather it is neoplastic...

## Institute of Medicine Conclusion

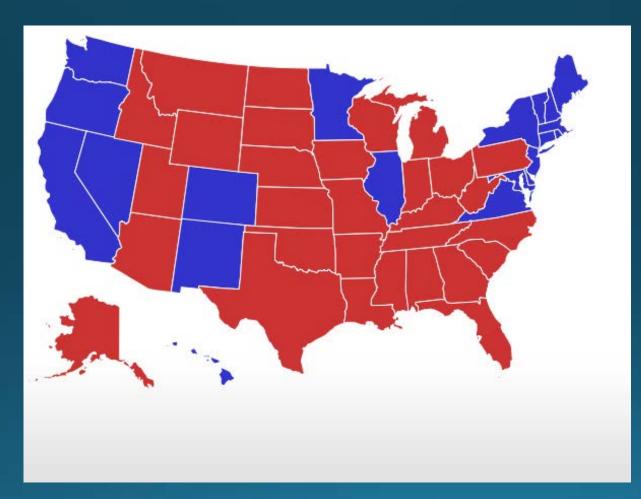
"Pain affects the lives of more than 100 million Americans, making its control of enormous value to individuals and society. To reduce the impact of pain and the resultant suffering will require a transformation in how pain is perceived both by the people with pain and by those...who care for them..."1

#### Painkiller Prescriptions, by State



SOURCE: IMS, National Prescription Audit (NPA™), 2012.

# Presidential Election Results 20161



### Trends

- Between 1970 and 2007, the rate of unintentional ODs rose rapidly
- The rise was driven mostly by an increase in prescription opioid overdoses
- This led the NIH, NIDA, the CDC, and lawmakers to declare the prescription, use, and diversion of opioid analgesics a "national emergency"

#### Causes of Death: 20111

•1. Motor Vehicle Accidents:
•2. Firearms:
•3. Falls:
•4. Drug Induced Mortality:

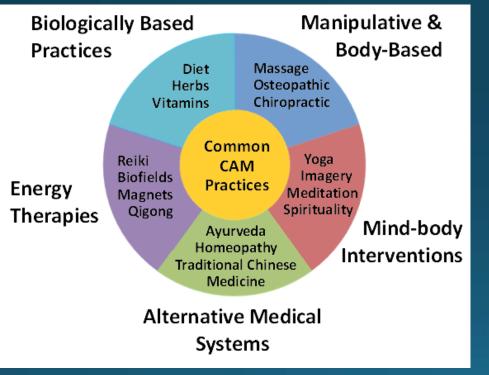
34,000 33,000 28,000 43,000 What Have the Guidelines Taught Us? (according to NIH expert panel)

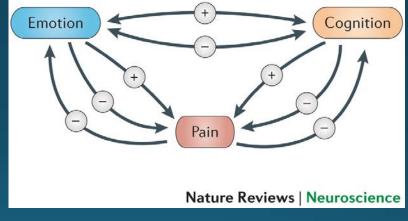
> "...evidence is insufficient for every clinical decision that a provider must make about the use of opioids for chronic pain..."1

#### Pain and Wellness Clinic

- We began in June of 2011
- We provide a safe space, a therapeutic milieu, using a team approach of creating wellness and a sense of well-being while patients learn to live with pain
- Team includes 3 massage therapists, a pharmacist, a volunteer MD, a volunteer Buddhist Chaplain, an MD acupuncturist, an MD, an APN, a social worker, and music therapist and volunteers who practice various complementary therapies
- Patients seen weekly X 12, then biweekly< then monthly, while effective
- Since we began, we've seen 246 unduplicated patients, as of June, 2014
- We had 2476 treatments in calendar year 2014 for 89 patients with chronic non-malignant pain, for 838 clinic visits

#### CAM services





#### **Complementary Alternative Medicine**

1. Risk mitigation (liberal use of surgery, interventions, drugs)—VA is now using body based therapies first 1

2. Mind-Body Medicine: communication systems in the brain—cortex, limbic system, and hypopituataryadrenal axis influence output to the periphery...modulates mind, brain and body "psychoneuroendocrinimmunology"

3. Neuroplasticity: ability of brain and nervous system to change themselves. Somatosensory cortical changes develop in chronic pain states  $\rightarrow$  changes in sensory perception, motor patterns, and co-contractions in what should be isolated muscle groups. 1

#### Rationale for CAM

5. Cost-effectiveness of MBM techniques

6. Effect of MBM strategies in reducing pro-inflammatory states that characterize chronic stress and aggravation of pain states through mediation of hypothalamic-pituitary-adrenal axis.

7.Most CAM strategies work to disrupt pain pathways in much the same way as opiates do but at different receptor sites or intervals.

#### Threat Response Mechanisms: Cognitive Response BAD TRUMPS GOOD<sub>1</sub>

• 1. Bad emotions, parents, feedback have more impact

• 2. Bad information processed more thoroughly

 3. Bad impressions and stereotypes quicker to form and more resistant to change Threat Response Mechanisms: Emotional Response—Fight, Flight

• Mapping Stress in the Nervous System

Sympathetic Activation

Fight,flight,freeze

Hyper-aroused

Calmly Focused, Alert

Lethargic

Drowsy

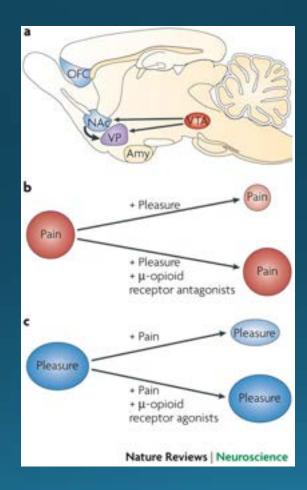
Short term Survival, Long Term Burnout

> High Performance Zone

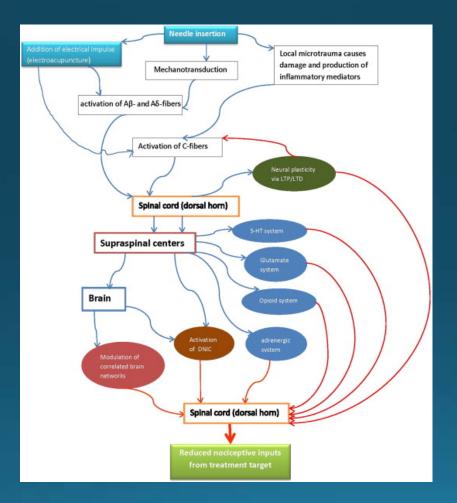
Recovery and Rest Phase

Asleep Parasympathetic Activation

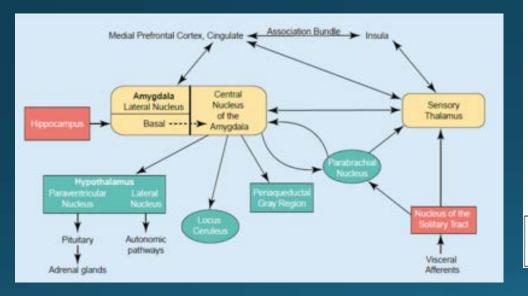
#### Pain/Pleasure<sub>1</sub>

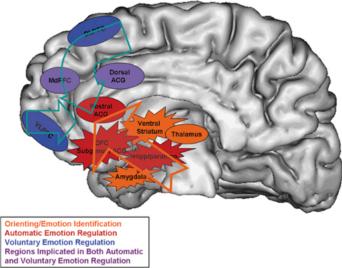


#### Acupuncture



#### Meditation

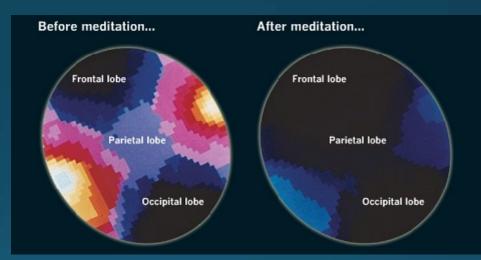




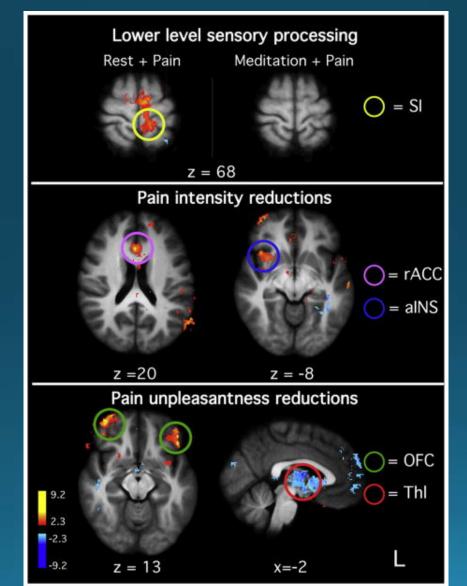
## How Meditation Changes the Brain

 Enhances cognitive functioning by improving working memory, sustained attention, monitoring faculty (to avoid mind wandering), perceptual abilities, problem-solving, executive functioning, slowing agerelated cognitive decline

 Enhances emotional functioning by promoting prosocial behavior, selfawareness, and emotional regulation



#### More on Meditation and Pain



# Therapeutic Modalities Outcome

6/1/2013-12/31/2014

Therapeutic Modality	Number of Visits	Post-Treatment Outcome				
		"better"	"much better"	"worse"	"same"	No answer or other
Acupuncture Only	68	43	5	0	5	15
Massage Only	9	5	0	0	1	3
Music Only	8	3	1	0	1	4
Qi-Gong Only	0					
Acupuncture + Massage	359	245	18	0	9	87
Qi-Gong + Massage	17	4	2	0	1	10
Music + Acupuncture+ Qi Gong	1	1				
Music + Acupuncture+ Massage	291	213	10	2	10	56
All 4 modalities	49	33	1	0	3	12

#### **Totals from Treatment Slide**

547

80

187

- Number of visits 802
- "Much better" after Rx 37
- "Better" after Rx
- "Same" after Rx
- No answer

• Types of Rx

- Acupuncture only 68
- Massage only 9
- Music only 8
- Massage & acu- 359
   puncture
  - Qi Gong & massage 17
  - Qi, music and massage 1
  - Acu., massage, music 291
  - All 4 49

### Well-being/Happiness

- 4 Underpinnings of well-being:
- 1. Sustained positive emotion
- 2. Recovery from negative emotion
- 3. Empathy, altruism and pro-social behavior
- 4. Mindfulness, less mind-wandering, less being pulled involuntarily by irrelevant emotional distractors
- Neural pathways underlying each of the 4 components above ALL EXHIBIT PLASTICITY and thus can be transformed during experience and training.1

#### Thoughts as Provider

- Virtually no one says: "I want to suffer"...
- Staff included

- Work on the positive, the 'do no harm'
- With patients and staff alike

- Recognize that we are all in this together
- It always takes a supportive village to achieve what is truly worthwhile

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